

THE MUNCIE POST-DEMOCRAT

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Skull and Cross Bones Adorns Letter Sent Publisher by Anonymous Writer

Klucker Threat of Vengeance if Post-Democrat Does Not Discontinue Attacks on the Law Defying Organizations

Klan's Hypocritical Religious and Patriotic Sentiments Are Based on Profit and Desire for Power

The editor of the Post-Democrat receives many anonymous letters. Some of them seem to be from friends, while others are vindictive and full of malice.

One received this week charged us with fighting the Protestant faith and made the threat that some day "three thousand of us" would wreak vengeance.

The letter was signed by three initials, was adorned by a crude drawing of a skull and cross bones and wound up with the heavily underscored words, "Better Check Out Now."

We will merely state to this cowardly sneak who hides his identity behind false initials, the same as he conceals his carcass in a sheet and his face behind a mask when he attends the Ku Klux ghost dance, that he has the number sized up about right.

It would take just about three thousand such cattle as that to even attempt to frighten one man who is not afraid of the scalding outfit that he belongs to.

We take it that this anonymous skunk is threatening us with the vengeance of the Ku Klux Klan, because we happen to be exposing the real purposes of the gang who control the machinery of the outlaw organization here.

First the vague threat of what the three thousand will do, then the sentence "better check out now," which we interpret is an order to depart, and lastly the coward initials and the death's head, which suggests the penalty in case we decide to remain a few weeks longer.

The writer of this letter says we have no conception of the meaning of Christianity or of the Almighty and claims to be a white Protestant Christian.

We don't know what church this devout person belongs to, but if he really professes Christianity his hide is soaked full of a brand of piety that will land him hell, and may land him there sooner than the devil expects him if he tries to make good the threats contained in his letter.

Since the cowardly assault upon the editor of the Post-Democrat and his son on the night of the 28th of March, which was committed by a masked band of thugs whose devilry was authorized by the gang that controls the Ku Klux Klan, we have received many veiled threats through the mail and otherwise.

It will take more than threats of violence to frighten us. We fear no cowardly masked and sheeted organization that claims to be God's chosen people and the only one hundred percent Americans in existence.

Of course a gang of these brave and chivalrous goblins may lay in wait in some dark alley some night and commit the murder that is threatened in the anonymous letter referred to above. There is no dan-

ger of one of these night prowling elms coming up to our face in daylight and even intimating some of the things they write to us anonymously, and even at night there is not one of them who would contemplate an assault unless he had a gang with him and we were alone.

The claim that the Ku Klux is a Christian and an American institution, is just a "plain damned lie," quoting again from our distinguished United States district attorney.

The entire thing is framed up with a double purpose in view—first to grab off a lot of easy money and next to "get even" with somebody under cover of darkness and anonymity.

Bill Cahill, the organizer, is a very shrewd and unscrupulous person. He is making thousands of dollars for himself, and, we believe, part of the rake off from the funds collected from the suckers, goes to boosters for his game. He has surrounded himself by a small clique who know the inside works. The rank and file have no conception of what is really going on.

The most abominable feature of this rank fraud that is being perpetrated on the people of Muncie, Delaware county and surrounding communities by this band of high liners is the hypocritical play that is made to the religious side of their intended victims.

Practically all persons are deeply religious, whether they know or not. Our lives are busy and few of us are even conscious of the fact that

buried deep in our hearts lies the faith which dwells all else.

With this in mind, these damnable hypocrites have visited surrounding cities and made donations to ministers of the gospel. Their plan is always the same. They enter the church while services are in progress and without a by-your-leave, interrupt the service in the church of God in order to gain free advertising, thus, the same, and with their "religiosity," and then stick them later ten dollars a head for membership in the Klan and eleven dollars and fifty cents for a night gown and mask that could be made for about eighty four cents.

The press reports of these visitations are the same everywhere. "The visiting klansmen knelt for a few moments in silent prayer," is one favorite sentence. Silent prayer is right. The gang that is being sent out of Muncie to make the church play might be able to make a silent prayer but if one of them would try it out loud the church would fall down.

Practically all the suckers have been caught in Muncie and the inner circle who are getting the money are working the surrounding territory for all it is worth.

First twelve of the masked bandits visited the Eaton church and gave the pastor an envelope containing forty dollars. This advertisement the Klan and one of the sub-organizers was sent to Eaton to reap the harvest. It only cost forty dollars to make a monkey show out of a house of worship, and the returns in actual cash were many times forty dollars.

The same thing was done at Richmond, New Castle and Yorktown and the follow up boys have been busy ever since separating suckers from their tenspots; in these communities.

In Hartford City a few nights ago the Muncie klansmen, forty in number, gave a demonstration which varied some from the stock proceed. Hartford City has one of the finest lands in the state of Indiana and the residents of that enterprising little city are justly proud of it.

Every Thursday night a band concert given on the public square not only the citizens of Hartford City but country residents for miles around throng the square while the program is being rendered.

For some time Cahill and his gang have been meditating a raid on Hartford City and the decision was made to cut out the fake religious play and play up to the civic pride of the citizens of that community in their musical organization. So, the Muncie klowns marched to the band stand, handed the leader an envelope containing fifty dollars they had taken away from Muncie suckers, and knelt while the band played "My Country 'Tis of Thee."

Just think of it! When the occasion demands disturbing the solemnity of a religious service for advertising purposes and the next time, for commercial purposes, instead of kneeling before the altar of God, bending the pregnant hinges of their knees before a brass band and a bass drum!

And that's the sort of an outfit that dares to assume militant authority over the religious and patriotic sentiments of a community! That is the fibre of an institution which inspires anonymous letter writers to accuse the editor of the Post-Democrat of being an enemy of the Protestant faith to which he belongs.

We feel that we would be recreant in our duty to the community which we are serving to the best of our conscientious ability, if we failed to expose these grafters and hypocrites who are using the names of God and Country to serve their infamous ends.

At Hartford City the unthinkable crowd cheered the "forty thieves" and their hearts were warmed, because they were justly proud of their band, and like the dotting mother, whose heart goes out to the stranger who praises her child, they fell, alas, for the Ku Klux.

If they had seen the grinning mugs which were hidden by the white masks, and had read the innermost thoughts of the leaders of the sheeted bunch, they would have recoiled in horror, and driven them from the community, which they are attempting to destroy.

But the "Greek bearing gifts" was forgotten and the Klan won a home in Hartford City for the magnificent sum of fifty dollars. Business as usual being the motto of the Cahill Carters, a deputy organizer was placed in the field at once, an office was orbited in a prominent business block, a local representative secured, and information from Hartford City is to the effect that

READ AND WEEP

Judge Thompson Thursday granted Court Asher a new trial in the case charging him with a violation of the liquor law, after Prosecutor Benadum declared to the court that he had no counter affidavit to make against Asher's sworn statement that Bill Cahill, Ku Klux organizer, had been permitted to sit on the jury while serving as a deputy sheriff under Sheriff Harry Hoffman.

The attempt of the Ku Klux, aided by the prosecutor and sheriff, both klansmen, to park a jury in the circuit court, was the most flagrant prostitution of the courts ever attempted here. This act alone, in which Cahill, head of the Klan, featured as the star, should convince anybody but a crazy person that instead of standing for law and order it is synonymous with all that is lawless and undecorable.

And what of the sheriff and prosecutor who were parties to this infamous act? Are the people of Delaware county to be ruled by the duly constituted laws of our state and nation, or by an "invisible empire" ruled by a blood sucking vulture someplace down in Georgia?

The fifty dollar investment has already netted the gang something like six thousand dollars. In Muncie, the sentiment against the Klan is rapidly growing. Hundreds who joined have washed their hands of the un-American organization, and are condemning it more severely than those who never belonged. Their eyes have been opened to the inequities of an organization which plays on religious enthusiasm for profit.

Big Democratic Rally Will Be Held Tuesday Night

Elsewhere in this issue appears an announcement of the big Democratic Home Coming which will be held at the corner of Rose and First streets next Tuesday evening.

The committee in charge has arranged for a number of good speakers and a musical program will be rendered. Refreshments will be served and all are invited, no matter what their political affiliations may be.

Prospects are bright for democratic success in the coming election and it is time for the democrats to wake up and grasp the opportunity that is theirs. Come out and bring your friends.

What the Farmer Thinks About the Railroad Strike

David Friday, President of the Michigan Agricultural College, formerly in the Department of Economics of the University of Michigan, considers in the August number of the "Review of Reviews" the attitude of the farmer toward the railway strike. President Friday says in part:

"The persons engaged in rendering the service of railroad transportation are less than 4 1/2 per cent of our total working population, and they received in 1921 an average of almost 7 per cent of the nation's purchasing power, and therefore of the nation's total agricultural, mining and manufacturing product.

"The farmers made up somewhat over 26 per cent of the working population and received less than 20 per cent of the nation's purchasing power and product.

"To put it briefly and strikingly: there were six times as many workers in Agriculture as in railway transportation and yet they received only three times as much of the nation's production as did the railway workers."

Dr. Friday closes by saying: "The farmer may be wrong in his attitude toward a railway strike, but until someone can show him that these facts are radically wrong, he will surely continue to oppose any attempt upon the part of railway labor to resist the award of the Board by strikes."

KEGERREIS FAMILY REUNION

The annual reunion of the Kegerreis family will be held at McCulloch park Sunday, August 20, and a large attendance is expected. A big banquet, music and speeches will make up the program. Justice L. E. Starr will make the leading address.

The Clan Condemned

By Governors, Mayors and Civic Bodies

GOV. OLCOTT OF OREGON

"Dangerous forces are insiduously gaining a foothold in Oregon. In the guise of a secret society, parading under the name of the Ku Klux Klan, these forces are endeavoring to usurp the reins of government, are stirring up fanaticism, race hatred and civil terror.

"Assaults have been committed in various counties of the state by unknown masked outlaws, the odium of which has reflected on the Ku Klux Klan. Whether or not these outlaws were connected with that organization is immaterial. Their vile acts demonstrate that the name of the organization may be used for an evil purpose and that from the nature of its activities it has the moral effect of causing unthinking and misguided persons to enter into unlawful conspiracies and to perpetrate unlawful deeds.

"In a sister state this same organization is under judicial inquiry as a result of felonious assaults and unspeakable outrages committed under the veil of darkness."

Practicing What He Preaches
Salem, Ore., June 19.—(Special)—His membership in the Ku Klux Klan today led to the decanization of Dr. R. C. Ellsworth of Pendleton as a member of the state board of chiropractic examiners at the hands of Governor Olcott.

Dr. D. T. Brown of The Dalles was appointed in his place. "As you are an acknowledged member of the Ku Klux Klan," wrote Governor Olcott to Dr. Ellsworth, "it is necessary that you be herby removed as a member of the state board of chiropractic examiners and your successor will be appointed forthwith. This action is taken under the provisions of section No. 4043, Oregon Laws, and is for the good of the service.

Even In Its Own Home City.
Georgia to Force Klan to Unmask.
Denounces Invisible Rule.

Atlanta, July 10.—(Special)—The Knights of the Ku Klux Klan must voluntarily unmask or Gov. Thomas W. Hardwick will make an appeal to the Georgia General Assembly now in session to pass a statute making the wearing of masks in Georgia a criminal action, according to a letter which the Governor has written to W. W. Rainey, of Columbus, one of his supporters in his race for reelection. The Governor makes it clear that he will not stand for mob law in Georgia and that no "invisible empire" shall rule Georgia.

Southern Governors Condemn Klan.
The most encouraging sign in connection with the attempted revival has been the almost universal condemnation of the Klan by the better element in the South. Ex-Governor Thomas W. Bickett, of North Carolina denounced the scheme as "a wicked appeal to race prejudice" and "a smoke-screen for anarchy."

Governor Cooper, of South Carolina, deplored the acts of "fanatics" who were burning cotton-gins in his state during the fall of 1920 which acts were attributed to the Klan, although that has since been denied by the Imperial Wizard. Governors Dorsey of Georgia, and Kilby, of Alabama have followed suit.—November 1921 issue of Facts, (Philadelphia, Pa.)

Governor Neff of Texas
"All effort of persons under any name they may have assumed to better the moral conditions of the country than the means of threats, fear, intimidation and personal violence is violative of the spirit and letter of the constitution and laws of Texas and each and every act, done and performed by them, carrying out or which has for its object the doing of any act forbidden by the law would having the full of all participants knowledge of a general purpose to do illegal acts or actual knowledge of the doing of an illegal act.

"If any order, organization or body of individuals agree and conspire among themselves to do any act which would be in violation of the laws of the country, then every act of every individual composing the conspiracy in the furtherance of the conspiracy would be illegal. This would apply to the masked parades where such parade is a part of and in furtherance of a purpose to do some act which would be in violation of the law."—Houston (Tex.) Chronicle, October 16, 1921.

Governor Allen of Kansas.
"It is my judgment that any assembly of men wearing either white or black masks is against the peace, safety and welfare of the public at this particular time. Especially is this menace serious in those communities where industrial quarrels are now going on. The privilege of men to employ disguises gives to those who might become foes to government and to law an opportu-

ity to cloak their identity and to work mischief.

"For the purpose of protecting the peace and welfare of the communities and of securing the faithful obedience to law on the part of individuals and organizations, it has been deemed proper to prohibit any further public assembling or parading of men in masks."

"The appearance of masked men in any community constitutes a disturbance of the peace of that neighborhood and is a violation of section 3659 of the general statute of 1915."

"Respectfully.

"HENRY J. ALLEN, Governor."
MAYOR BURTON (Kansas City)

"I can see no reason why an American citizen should desire to cover his face and hide his identity if his purpose is the protection of our American government. Further, I can see no reason for this tremendously secret and mysterious method of procedure. If it is the desire of our people to participate in the affairs of government, we should do so openly and above board, proclaiming to the world if need be our stand on matters pertaining to politics and good government.

"It is altogether un-American to attempt to exclude from public activities any race or creed. During the recent world war when men were called to carry our flag and protect our government the question of religion or race did not enter. All classes were appealed to, to give their life, if need be, to the protection of our American ideals, and to make the world safe for democracy. Countless thousands of our American men, Protestant, Catholic, Jews, negro and others, have made the supreme sacrifice in order that these ideals might prevail and I do not think that the true American, so soon after this sacrifice, desires to attempt to exclude from our midst the friends and relatives of those who have made this sacrifice."

The Kansas City Star, April 25, 1922.
Mayor of St. Louis Gives Out Statement.

"I am utterly opposed to the Ku Klux Klan or any other form of invisible government. My stand is the stand that ought to be taken by every American citizen, squarely upon the constitution of the United States, believing in a constitutional form of government in the open.

"I am opposed also to any man, or set of men, trying to divide the people of this country along the lines of religion, race, color or previous condition of servitude."

Mayor and City Council of Cleveland
Mayor William S. Fitzgerald and the city council went on record as being unalterably opposed to the organization of the Ku Klux Klan in Cleveland. Council, following an emphatic speech by the mayor took a unanimous riding vote, against

permitting such an order to organize within the city.

The mayor said: "It will be a hotbed for stirring up race and religious prejudice. I cannot imagine a more vicious organization. I shall use all of my power to keep it from getting a foothold in Cleveland."

"This is a city of dozens of different nationalities, many different colors. We have just gone thru a world war in which the value of unity and of standing together was proved. We did stand together and I want to say that I will not wink at an organization which now plans to disorganize the community."

FEDERAL JUDGE SCORES K.K.K. AND ANTI-K.K.K.

Calls K. K. K. Smooth System of Chloroforming the Government Under Plea of Americanism

Weatherford, Tex., April 4.—(By the Associated Press)—Expressing opposition to everything that the Ku Klux Klan stands for "as far as I know," Federal Judge James C. Wilson of the Northern District of Texas in an address before the Weatherford Chamber of Commerce last night declared that Senator Culberson "did not miss it far when he said that 'if permitted to continue the Klan would overthrow the Government.'"

"It is a smooth system of chloroforming the government under the plea of 100 per cent Americanism."

U. S. Representative Hawes.
Washington, D. C., July 7.—"The American Catholic, the American Protestant, and the American Jew must stand united in firm opposition to any intolerant movement which deprives any creed of the fullest freedom and equal rights under the law or curtails personal liberty of conscience or religion," declared Representative Harry B. Hawes of Missouri in a speech delivered in the House of Representatives.

"The foe of religious liberty has always been intolerance, sometimes disguised but always the same. It rises for brief periods to considerable strength, but always falls back into the obscure cave of bigotry before the enlightened criticism of good citizenship.

"Our danger will not come from a change in our laws, but from an intolerant spirit, which would evade the established law and by indirection do those things which the law prohibits."

"The honest friend of religious freedom cannot without protest permit any man's creed to be made the subject of persecution or the sole measure of his fitness for public office."

"We cannot lose religious freedom without losing civil freedom, so both must be guarded by zealous citizens."

Klansmen Fed on Fables.
They have been told by their chief (Continued on Page 2)

The Kotop Gun Toters

Are the people of Muncie aware of the fact that armed klansmen are continually stalking around the streets of Muncie?

It is said that Sheriff Hoffman, taking orders from the Klan has named three hundred deputy sheriffs, all klansmen. These men were not appointed with the idea in view of protecting the public through an increase of the sheriff's force of deputies, but in order that a certain number of the night-shirt brethren might be empowered to carry guns without being fined for it.

We thought that Muncie was a civilized community, but as long as this unthinkable condition exists we are no better than savages.

Tuesday afternoon we saw a well known young man standing in front of the Wysor block, within thirty feet of a city policeman. The young man wore a coat which concealed a holster from which protruded the butt of a forty five gun.

This fellow is a deputy kotop organizer under Cahill and is one of Hoffman's deputy sheriffs. A bystander made a move in an apparently playful manner to reach for the weapon. He gun toter grabbed his wrists and said, "Don't muss around me or you will get hurt."

This potential murderer, and dozens of others like him, are packing guns. Muncie is in a state of anarchy. It is said by some that the chief of police belongs to the Klan, which has armed loose a band of would-be murderers in Muncie.

Whether he does or not, he should be forced by the mayor and board of safety to disarm these thugs. Cahill carries his gun in an armpit holster. What is the chief of police waiting for? Wholesale murder? The men are here with loaded revolvers and loaded revolvers are made to kill men, not rabbits.

Somebody will fire the first shot some time and hell will be to pay.

Life at the County Jail

According to prisoners in the county jail there are some queer goings on in that delightful summer home for jag hounds and careless individuals who are caught with it on their hip.

A prisoner recently released relates that on Friday, August 11, Sheriff Hoffman brutally beat and kicked Trent May, an eighteen year old boy who was confined on some minor charge. He states that Hoffman charged the boy with sticking matches in a jail door lock, and that when the boy denied it the assault took place.

He says that later in the day the sheriff entered the jail and gave the boy another beating. He further says that he saw a man brought to jail who had been so brutally beaten by three policemen that it was necessary to call the jail doctor to dress his wounds.

Another man brought in Sunday night badly beaten up, was refused the services of his family physician and went without medical attention until Monday, when he was released after paying a fine.

Leslie Harrod, a tubercular youth, who was caught with liquor and given a jail sentence, was sent out by the sheriff to work in a gravel pit with a prisoner gang.

Miss Murr, of the local tubercular clinic, plead with Sheriff Huffman to give the youth humane treatment and asked that he be given milk at every meal. The sheriff told Miss Murr that he only received sixty cents a day for boarding prisoners and that young Harrod would get the same treatment as the other prisoners and would have to drink black coffee. He said he couldn't afford to give him milk.

Instead of permitting the tubercular youth to remain in the jail the sheriff sent him out to work with a road gang and he has been forced to work in a gravel pit in the hot sun.

An investigation of the jail and the sheriff who is seeking another two-year term of office might be in order.

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GEO. R. DALE, Owner and Publisher.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 18, 1922.

WHY NOT DO IT NOW?

The Post-Democrat rises to inquire what benefit the people of Muncie are deriving from its expensive police department, as now organized?

Very recently bank robbers got in their work on the McNaughton store and during daylight hours blew up and looted three safes, getting away with eight thousand dollars.

It is apparent that the robbers had no fear of the police. The robbery took place on the second floor. The only thing that they had to fear was that they might fall down stairs after finishing the job, or of straining their backs carrying away the "jack".

Several months ago the publisher of this paper was waylaid by masked men who attempted to murder him and his son. The motive was known, thousands of people here have a fair idea who inspired the attempted assassination, yet it is too much for Benbow and his rainbow chasers.

The chief, according to veracious chroniclers of the daily press, has started a crusade against automobilists, having conquered all other worlds, and the shirt sleeved cops on the corner who ought to be out in the middle of the street, directing traffic and protecting both pedestrians and automobilists, are told to grab drivers who happen to leave their mufflers open or who fail to display license plates.

The sheriff of Delaware county, who is working in close harmony with the chief and his hawkshaw sleuths, has been running his car for two weeks without a rear license plate but it would not be ethical to arrest him. He is the sheriff, by gum.

Every day the people of Muncie are regaled in the daily press by a column or so of the doings of the police court and the jail is overflowing with victims of the chase for booze. Never in the history of Muncie have there been so many violations of the liquor law or convictions for intoxication.

If the importation of liquor were stopped there would be no liquor law violations, no drunks, no fat fees for the prosecutor, or no easy money for the sheriff who boards the victims at a profit and farms them out to work on county road work.

The big guns in the booze hauling game are well known, apparently, to everybody but the chief of police, the sheriff and the prosecutor—hence the regular morning performance in Lance Coon's dispensary of even handed justice.

Everybody knows what's the matter with the police force and everybody has the right to expect an immediate reorganization. Three-fourths of the force belong to the Ku Klux Klan and a bunch of supposed officers of the law belonging to that kind of a gang of outlaws cannot be depended upon to serve the public.

When Phil McAbee was fired from the board of safety and his place filled by the appointment of Mr. Rosenthal, it was the general understanding that the cleaning was to take place.

Dozens of klansmen are boldly walking the streets of Muncie carrying big guns in holsters. Revolvers are man-killing instruments, yet these outlaws are permitted to lug toy cannons because of their membership in an order which professes to represent God, country and strict law observance.

For heavens' sakes, gentlemen of the board of safety, cut the rotten out of your police force and fill the places with men who respect the law and who will put an end to the reign of terrorism that now exists.

Nothing can be expected of Fisher, who takes his orders from the gun toting crew, and who through some inexplicable reason is still hanging onto his job, but Collins and Rosenthal are against the Ku Klux terrorists. They have the power to make the cleaning and every day's delay is fraught with danger.

Why not do it now instead of waiting until some terrible tragedy renders it everlastingly too late?

THEY SERVE THE PEOPLE WELL

The annual report of the secretary of the school city of Muncie, should be carefully scrutinized by every citizen interested in the welfare of the schools. The report shows that the funds have been properly handled. It shows a total balance on hand at the end of the fiscal year of \$350,395.80. Of this amount more than \$160,000 is in the building fund. The city owes a debt of gratitude to the three men, Edward Tuhey, Vincent W. Jones and George L. Haymond, who compose the board of school trustees. Working without salary they have performed prodigious labors and have produced results. There are no better schools in the state than those of Muncie, and the vast sum placed at the disposal of these men has been so prudently expended that the end of the fiscal year finds over a third of a million dollars in the school treasury. In these days of deficit sin public treasuries, and crookedness in public office, the example of prudent economy set by these men is worthy of deep thought and consideration by the general public.

A local daily published a story one day this week about Max Oser, the Swiss cheese that is about to marry Matildy McCormick. The story emanated from Switzerland—a country some place in Europe where the women all have goitres and the men bad breaths because of the peculiar aroma of the native cheese and seared consciences by standing for that William Tell yarn. According to this McCormick-Oser yarn, American tourists have deserted the Alps and spend most of their time around Max's lively stable, looking at the horses Max and Matildy ride and when the horses are gone, grazing, enraptured, at their empty stalls. All of these dam fool tourists demand some sort of a souvenir from the lively barn, according to the voracious correspondent. That may account for the grand rush for the empty stalls when the horses are gone and for the complaint coming out of Switzerland that fertilizer is getting scarcer every day.

Governor McCray is now busy with his alibi for sending armed troops against the miners at Staunton, now that the coal strike has ended. He and the standpat organization to which he belongs will have a hard time explaining things to the laboring men of Indiana.

The coal strike came to an end through a mutual understanding between employers and employees. No government agency had the slightest influence in settling the strike. Neither side paid any attention to President Harding's high sounding proclamations and plans. The rail strike will come to an end in the same manner. Labor and capital alike very sensibly decided to settle their own differences when they became absolutely convinced that Harding had nothing to offer but meaningless words. Harding can now get down to the serious business of playing golf, grinning at a camera and giving dog parties for Laddie Boy.

THE HELPING HAND

The story of a young girl who had gone "a kenning wrang"—and it is a sad story, daily repeated in the press—recalls a picture which a few years ago attracted much attention in the East.

Just below a "straight and narrow path," within easy reach of the passing throng of straight-jacketed average people, was portrayed a young girl, her face buried in her hands, her posture eloquent of despair.

At her feet yawned a chasm. The merest touch would send her to destruction in the depths. A kindly hand might save her.

But the smug-faced and conventional multitude goes hurrying by. They turn their heads away from her. None reaches to lift her from her imminent danger. Just one kindly hand would be enough

THE GIVE-AWAY

(Fort Wayne Journal-Gazette)

Never in the history of tariff making have the sponsors of protection made so many damaging confessions as to the effects upon the pocketbooks of the people as during the last year and more that the present tariff of abominations has been pending in the senate.

The enemies of the notorious measure now being forced upon the people will be able to make their case against the act by merely quoting the admissions of its friends.

The other day it was found necessary to back away from the decision to place a duty on hides. This necessity was not imposed by any awakening of moral consciousness, but to the political necessities of Henry Cabot Lodge. The boot and shoe men made it plain to that worthy that unless he got free hides for them they would have his hide, no matter what the cost. Thus the right-about face.

In defending this right-about face and attempting to satisfy the farmers, who had been previously made to believe that the duty on hides would mean money in their purse, it became necessary to show that the duty would not be advantageous to the farmer at all.

Ever and anon some champion of the protective policy makes an admission of this sort. It was during the debate of the senate that the tariff duty on agricultural products is, on Canadian reciprocity that Elihu Root admitted on the floor a farce as far as protection to the farmer is concerned.

The other day in defending the right-about face on hides, Senator Lenroot made another admission:

Let us assume that we are talking of the farmer with one cow. Let us suppose such a farmer, with a wife and five children, slaughters that cow and gets an additional \$1.20 for the hide. He has to buy two pairs of shoes a year for each member of his family, not including himself. That's twelve pairs of shoes, and they cost him 20 cents more a pair. That is an increase of \$2.40 in the price of the shoes he must buy, or twice the increase he gained for the hide. That applies to the farmer with one cow who may kill that cow and have a hide to sell. What have you to say of the millions who have no hide to sell?

Suppose the average farmer takes his pencil in hand and begins to figure just what he gets out of wool.

As a matter of fact, as we have shown, the tariff as it stands will cost the farmers many, many millions more than it gives them. They are trading dollars for dimes.

In this connection comes the latest confession of the Chicago Tribune, that uncompromising organ of Republicanism:

The sheep senators, who have been charged with advancing their private interests in making the increases in the wool schedule, say they do not own many sheep, not as sheep are counted on grazing lands, and that their insistence on a high tariff is merely to encourage the American wool growing industry.

If that is the whole object of a tariff bill, it would be easy to frame one, although we doubt if the men who followed the method ever would have a chance to make another.

The wool schedule will be found in price tags on American clothing. If price increase plainly says "tariff" in the days of wage reductions, the intimate knowledge of wool raising which senators dominating the wool schedules have may be about as costly as anything the Republican party gave an ear to.

Of course, the result of the tariff on wool, will show in the price mark on all woolen clothing. The increase in price will represent the graft of the woolen industry. And this woolen industry, for which the graft is graciously provided, is the same one whose profits from 1917 to 1920 were so enormous as to stagger credulity.

This certainty that the plain people of the streets will be able to get the effect of this infamous tariff conspiracy is the true explanation of the present admission of the men who are forcing the injustice upon the people that the tariff must be made by a commission in possession of facts.

Wilson provided such a commission.

These men who now say we "must have a commission" utterly ignored it in the making of the present law.

And the people know there is a tariff commission which has been ignored.

to lift her again to the "straight and narrow way." But the multitudes pass on!

The wayfarers on the straight and narrow way of conventional respectability are not touched by the despairing face turned up to them. She has sinned; let her go!

Of what value are all our preachings and prayers and agonizings with reference to so-called sin when such things can be. For the picture portrayed truth.

But, though the artist did not exalt his art and reconcile us to the complexities and contradictions of life by tangible portrayal of the fact, the helping hands were there, many of them, in that passing seemingly careless and callous multitude.

Annually thousands of clingers to the precipices of doom are saved by the helping hands of those who practice the religion of service; by the devoted men and women of the churches, the charitable organizations, by individuals who have realized that through love and service the soul's highest guerdon may be won. —Editorial in Enquirer.

THE COW

And now it is stated that last year the American dairy cow produced 99,000,000,000 pounds of milk worth \$2,500,000,000. When butter, cheese, ice cream, chocolate and other milk commodities are considered it is easy to see what the product of the well bred American cow means to the American people and its commercial life. The uninitiated and those not versed in the value of pure bred animals often wonder at the enormous prices some of these animals bring, but when such figures as are given here are considered the wonder is that more people do not take up the raising of pure bred stock and do away with scrub stock entirely. Pure-bred campaigns have been held and in some places have awakened interest and been entirely satisfactory. Pure bred animals are one of the factors in farm prosperity, and this is one of the reasons that interest in pure bred stock is growing from year to year.

SHORTAGE IS LESSENED

According to recent figures given out by the government residential buildings valued at \$500,000,000 a month are being put up over the country. This means space for at least 125,000 families per month. With these figures it would seem that the shortage of homes, which has been a problem of the last few years, will soon be met. This shortage was estimated at 1,000,000 homes. Following the World War most of the building was on non residential buildings and in no way was a help to the family needing a home. The government is watching closely the building going on over the country and it is stated in point of floor space and in dollars contracts for residences let during the early summer months were more than double that of other kinds of building. Information and data, and schemes to aid the home builder have been surveyed by the government and it is stated the result is proving satisfactory. The meeting of this shortage will mean great things to the country in more ways than one and will be a problem solved over which many cities, communities, large and small, will join in rejoicing.

Harvests Soybeans

Early For Best Pay

Soybeans, for highest yields of good quality hay, should be cut when the pods are about half filled, says L. E. Thatcher, agronomist, who is making a thorough study of this new crop.

If, however, the fields are to be seeded to wheat, he continues, the soy may be cut when in full bloom, being more palatable and richer in protein at that stage of growth than at any other.

Soys for hay are cut with a mowing machine and allowed to dry in light windrows. The hay may be hauled in directly from the windrows, or it may be left in the field several days if well cooked.

Wheat may be drilled in soybean stubble directly, or after disking the ground, without the expense of plowing.

Harvesting and other operations in connection with the culture of this important new crop will be fully demonstrated at the Experiment Station, Soybean Day, September 15.

Limestone for Wheat

Most of the soils in the eastern half of Ohio will give a prompt response to an application of fine ground limestone, according to soil specialists of the Ohio Experiment Station. Tests at the Station show an increase in the yield of wheat ranging from 2 to 9 bushels for an application of one to two tons of limestone per acre.

That the need for limestone is an increasing one is shown by an experiment on a tract of the Station land at Wooster which gave an increase of 41 percent in yield of wheat for liming in 1906, 97 percent in 1911, 105 percent in 1916, and 160 percent in 1921. A portion of this tract has never been limed, while that portion with which it is compared has received an average of 1½ tons of limestone every five years.

Since there is an average annual loss of 500 to 700 pounds of calcium carbonate from the soil, it is only a matter of time, it was stated, until the more favored sections of Ohio will be calling for limestone. An early response to this call it is believed will prevent soil deterioration as well as increase production.

OILMEAL MAY BE FED STEERS ON PASTURE

Steers that are corn fed on good pasture will not make economical use of high priced oilmeal and cottonseed meal, except during the last two months before marketing. However, in finishing steers for the market at this time, especially if pasture is drying up, G. Bohstedt of the Experiment Station recommends a limited allowance, or about one pound of such protein feed daily per steer. This allowance may be considered profitable in that the steers gain faster and put on a more desirable market finish.

WATER BY RAIL

London—Drought conditions in some districts are so serious that water is being shipped by railroad to several villages.

The Clan Condemned

(Continued From Page One)

instructors—Wizards. Klansmen, Genii—that the Knights of Columbus, as a representative of the Great Catholic hierarchy, is on the eve of catholicizing America and destroying our educational institutions; and instead of fighting this hobgoblin created by their leaders for profit, in the open, according to the manner of their forefathers, they seek to overcome the powers of evil by donning a clown's garb, swearing to conceal their identity, and marching behind an Imperial Wizard, whom they are sworn to obey. They fail to recognize that our Government has been established by free American people, who will handle it without interference by, or dictation from, church, or clan; that it is to be governed by neither priest nor wizard knights nor clansmen.—Former U. S. Senator Leroy Percy in the Atlantic Monthly.

Distinguished Jurist.

Orlando, June 16.—Declaring that there is no place for "aizable empires" within the United States and characterizing the "usurpation of governmental functions" by the Ku Klux Klan, or any other organization, as destined to do an inestimable wrong to society, United States Judge Henry D. Clayton assailed the policies and principles of such societies in fiery phraseology today in an address before the Florida State Bar Association.

Sends Resolutions to City Authorities.

Birmingham (Ala.) Civic Association.

"We find that the existence of a secret oath-bound organization, in our midst whose members parade our streets and highways at night, concealing their identity by a mask and other disguises by its course of conduct, methods and example, has furnished not only an excuse, but a cloak for the perpetration of such dastardly crimes by these potential assassins, who have committed these outrages upon our citizens and society.

"We, therefore, most earnestly appeal to the members of this organization to either publish their names, the names of their officers, the oath by which they are bound, the constitution and laws by which they act, or disband. Offering a reward for the apprehension of criminals who are using their organizations as a cloak and shield for the commission of crimes will not satisfy the public."

One Hundred Prominent Citizens Publicly Express Views.

One hundred citizens of Asheville, N. C., representing men in practically all walks of life, last night gave out the following statement of their reasons for regarding the organization of the Ku Klux Klan here as a menace to the peace and good feeling of the community.

"There has recently been organized in Asheville a branch of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. Its membership is secret. Its methods of operation are mysterious. Its purposes are as yet ill-defined. It represents itself as the champion of law and order; yet lacking a known membership which would serve to make it a real force in the shaping of public opinion and condemned by its scheme of organization to anonymous activity, it can be judged only by its fruits.

"These fruits are manifest. This

organization is breeding suspicion and hatred between Protestant and Catholic, Jew and Gentile, White man and negro, native born and foreign born. It is threatening to arrogate unto itself the powers vested in constituted authority. It is disturbing domestic tranquility by inciting controversies and by reopening old wounds. It is attempting to introduce a system of espionage which is an attribute of despotism and a confession of the failure of democratic government."

Veterans Score Hooded Raiders.

Condemnation of the Ku Klux Klan is embodied in a resolution adopted by the Corporal Harold W. Roberts Post No. 466, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Los Angeles, Cal.

"The true spirit of Americanism," states the resolution, resents bigotry, abhors secret machinations and terrorism, and those who speak for Americanism and in her cause, speak openly, with their faces to the sun.

"Assaults have been committed in various counties of the State by unknown masked outlaws, and the odium of these outrages has reflected on the Ku Klux Klan. These acts demonstrate that the name of the organization may be used for evil purposes, and from the nature of its activities, it has the moral effect of causing unthinking and misguided persons to enter into unlawful conspiracies and to perpetrate unlawful deeds.

"The State of California needs no masked riders, no invisible empire to control her affairs. Our courts of law, our law enforcing officers, our whole machinery of government are founded on the fundamentals of true American citizenship."

Bishop Berry (Methodist)

Philadelphia, Sept. 19, 1921.—Bishop Joseph F. Berry, of the Methodist Episcopal Church in this city, said: "How any one who is not either ignorant or vicious can be associated with such a movement as the Ku Klux Klan is more than I can understand. If recent exposures from the inside by those who claim to know the actual spirit and life of the organization can be believed, it would seem that the whole business is to be tabooed by good citizens."

Rev. C. H. Bow (Methodist) Dallas, Texas.

"It is un-American, for all Americanism worthy of the name is based upon equal rights to all men. It is undemocratic, for all democracy is based upon the principle that all make the laws and all obey them. It is a government by force and fear and threat. It is a cowardly thing on a par with anonymous letters written only by those who have no courage, and who dare not face the white light of day the actions which they can cover with the mantle of night."

DIVORCES FORGED

Vierha.—The government has found a "divorce mill" where more than 500 forged decrees have been issued.

CROSSES ATLANTIC 201 TIMES: STILL ENJOYS IT

New York.—W. P. Willis, a British merchant, has just completed his 201st crossing of the Atlantic. He says that he still enjoys the trip, and that it is the best way he knows to rest his mind and body. He has never been seasick, and thoroughly enjoys a storm at sea.

DEMOCRATIC HOME COMING

Get yourself in tune for the coming campaign by attending the big Democratic Rally to be held at First and Rose Street on the evening of

Tuesday, Aug. 22

Good Speakers will entertain you. Refreshments will be served and there will be plenty of good music.

Let's Start Her Rolling

NEWS OF THE FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL WORLD

As the railroad strike approaches a conclusion, and as the prospect of settling the coal controversy grows brighter, the natural effect upon the stock market is to stimulate confidence on the part of holders that the various difficulties which are now at work will eventually operate to raise values. This point of view has been strongly in evidence during the past week, railroad stocks, instead of receding, reflecting a continued confidence on the part of holders that the various difficulties which have affected the industrial world adversely would soon be brought to an end, and so advancing strongly in value. Class I railway earnings for six months now show earnings at the rate of 4.43 per cent.

Favorable Agricultural Prospects. There has been an excellent basis for the belief that business, if it could be given a chance to develop undisturbed, would shortly resume a normal position. Foremost among factors tending in this direction has been the excellent crop report issued by the Government on August 8, and pointing to high yields in most lines, some of them record-breaking. On the basis of present prices the seventeen principal crops have a value of about \$7,134,854,000 which is an increase of \$1,200,000,000 over 1921. While the price of grain is not as good as the farm population had hoped, it is, nevertheless, sufficient to give a comfortable margin in most cases at present cost of production, while the Southern cotton planter is better off than for some time. Slight recession in railway carloadings during the past week indicates nothing with regard to the actual business prospect, but is a reflection of the state of things as affecting the carriers themselves.

Revival of Business Demand. This favorable agricultural outlook has been accompanied by increasing revival of business demand for many classes of products. Notable in this connection has been the call for copper which is being so largely used in electrical industries. The motor industry is making an increasing call for steel. This situation is reflected in the unfilled orders of the United States Steel Corporation which, as announced on the 10th, were 5,776,161 tons, an increase of 140,630 tons over the preceding month. The strike has thus far affected the steel industry only in a comparatively limited way.

although it has undoubtedly prevented improvement from occurring that would otherwise have taken place. A reduction in output for July is the unavoidable result of coal and railway disturbance. Other branches of business show a fairly steady growth, building permits being now about 60% ahead of last year. Deliveries of material have been somewhat interfered with by the transportation difficulties, but have been sufficiently well maintained to keep up this activity of industry. Sales of leather and leather products are increasing, and the effect of this well-supported demand has been to encourage the public in purchasing industrial issues for investment, although during the past week some recessions have occurred as the natural result of the uncertainty growing out of the railway and labor outlook.

Foreign Conferences and Exchange. The Allied conference at London has naturally developed some differences of view between the British and French participants, but it now seems probable that a joint programme resulting in Allied control of German finances will be determined upon. Accompanying it, may be a short moratorium, and along with this some general diminution in French demands for reparations payments. Nevertheless the foreign exchange market has been disposed to wait for more definite indication of the outcome before embarking on any active trading. This has left the current business on a limited basis and without much support. There has also been a tendency toward weakness in some of the currencies, with the result that marks in particular have fallen in their quotation level. A favorable outcome of the London negotiations ought to rectify this condition, especially as foreign bonds have held their own well and there has been at least some improvement in the attitude of the banks with regard to credits opened in favor of foreign buyers. A favorable outcome of the conference would be followed by renewed revival of interest in European business.

Liquidation of Credit. Further liquidation of hitherto frozen credits has occurred among the interior banks, the result being to give the New York market an abundant supply of funds for all ordinary investment or speculative purposes. The lessening popularity of the acceptance as a bank investment has also confirmed the country institutions in placing spare funds in the stock market as a means of keeping them at work when locally unemployed. There is a better prospect at present for an adequate supply of money in the market than at any time for a good while past, and this situation is expected to continue for some time to come. The Federal Reserve ratio for August 9 was 80.4 per cent. A much smaller number

of failures, relatively speaking, reported by the commercial agencies, indicates that business is now definitely upon the upgrade so far as credit conditions go and improvement in earnings announced by not a few enterprises, with prospect of better dividend disbursements, show the effect of the greater liquidity of credits on trade at large.

Market Review and Outlook. With many conflicting factors at work it is not strange that the market during the past week has continued to adopt a waiting attitude and that the turnover has been correspondingly limited. There is no indication of heavy liquidation. The surprise expressed in some quarters because of continued advance in the price of railroad shares has neglected the fact that the bad effects of the strike had been largely discounted, and that the market is now adjusting itself to an expected end of the controversy. Authoritative forecasts of good business prospects for the autumn, coupled with the fact that costs in many industrial concerns have now been much reduced, account for the more confident buying that is now taking place. No doubt a considerable portion of recent selling has emanated from the professional trading element who believed that on technical grounds the market was entitled to a setback. It was quite noticeable, however, that when offerings from the market were made there was a good come-back to the issues. Pending developments in the outside situation, however, more or less irregularity must be looked for throughout the general list.

--Markets--

Live Stock and Meats. Compared with a week ago Chicago hog prices showed advances ranging from 10 to 30, cattle prices also advanced, veal calves which advanced from \$1.50 to \$1.75, showing the greatest gains. Feeder steers were steady to 10 higher, butcher cows and heifers firm to 25 3-4 higher and beef steers 10 to 20 up, fat lambs were 60 to 35 3-4 higher and yearlings 25 to 50 up per 100 lbs, feeding lambs and fat ewes unchanged. On Aug. 16 Chicago hog market open slow, lighter weights mostly steady to 15 lower, others 10 to 15 lower than Tuesday's average, closed easy on all weights. Beef steers active, generally strong to 15 higher, better grades beef cows and heifers strong to higher, other grades steady to strong, bulls 15 higher; veal calves 25 to 30 higher, stockers unchanged. Fat lambs strong to 25 higher; sheep and feeders generally steady. Aug. 16 Chicago prices: hogs top, \$10; bulk of sales \$7.75 to \$9.95; medium and good beef steers \$8.10 to \$10.40; butcher cows and heifers \$5 to \$9.25; feeder steers \$4.90 to \$8.50; light and medium weight veal calves \$11.25 to \$12.50; fat lambs \$12 to \$13; feeding lambs \$11.50 to \$12.50; yearlings \$8.75 to \$11; fat ewes \$3.50 to \$7.65. Stocker and feeder shipments from 12 important markets during the week ending Aug. 11 were: cattle and calves 44,295; hogs 2,278; sheep 54,580. In eastern wholesale fresh meat markets prices were not materially changed from a week ago. Veal, lamb and mutton were firm to 1 higher; beef 50 to 2 higher and pork loins firm to 32 higher. On Aug. 16 better grades of steer beef firm; veal was steady under moderate receipts and slow demands. Lambs and mutton practically steady at all markets; pork loins weak at some markets; steady at others. Aug. 16 prices: good grade meats: beef \$16 to \$17.25; veal \$15 to \$18; lamb \$24 to \$27; mutton \$23 to \$27; light pork loins \$23 to \$27; heavy loins \$15 to \$20.

Cotton. Spot cotton prices advanced 26 points during the week. New York October futures contracts advanced 52 points. Spot cotton closed at 20.72 cents per lb. New York October futures 20.70 cents.

With exception of small advance on Aug. 10, grain prices trended lower for week, principal bearish factors were lack of support, weakness in Liverpool, collapse in German marks, and restricted export demand due to foreign political situation. Chicago September wheat .04 lower. Chicago September corn .01 higher. On August 16, wheat markets unsettled. Prices fluctuated rapidly but closed on rally at reactional gains. Buying largely was by shorts. Country offerings not large and cash demand only fair with premiums easier at close. Profit taking checked advance in corn futures but close was higher. Exporters still after corn. Cash corn weakened somewhat at close on increased offerings to arrive from Illinois and Iowa. Closing prices in Chicago cash market: number 2 red winter wheats \$1.03; number 2 hard winter wheat \$1.01; number 2 mixed corn .62; number 2 yellow corn .63; number 3 white corn .52. Average farm prices: number 2 mixed corn in Central Iowa .49, number 2 hard winter wheat in Central Kansas .55, number 1 dark northern wheat in Central North Dakota .92. Closing futures prices: Chicago September wheat \$1.01; Chicago September corn \$1.04; Minneapolis September wheat \$1.04, 1/2; Minneapolis Sept. wheat .93 1/2; Winnipeg Oct. wheat \$1.02, 1/2.

Hay. Market holding firm for hay of good quality because of light receipts. Notices of country shipments decreasing as rails strike continues. Poor hay generally in excess of demand and selling at heavy discounts. Quoted Aug. 15 number 1 timothy-New York \$31.50, Philadelphia and Pittsburgh \$19, Chicago \$24, Atlanta \$23, St. Louis \$21, number 2 timothy \$1 to \$4 below number 1 prices, number 1 alfalfa St. Louis \$21.50, Memphis \$23. Number 1 Prairie-St. Louis \$17.50, Chicago \$19.

COUNT IN POISON CASE

Brussels.—Vicente Henri de Masieres has been arrested in connection with the death by poison of his sister-in-law, Mlle. Valerie Stockhove.

London.—Mrs. Doris Beck was granted a divorce on testifying that her husband cut off her young daughter's hair.

Annual Published Report of Secretary of School City for School Year 1921-1922

CONTROLLING ACCOUNT

RECEIPTS

Special Fund	\$ 349,227.20
Tuition Fund	417,258.53
Bond Fund	64,541.18
Building Fund	568,482.06
Vocational Fund	26,264.24
Total Receipts	\$1,425,773.21

DISBURSEMENTS

Special Fund	\$ 298,046.25
Tuition Fund	306,823.62
Bond Fund	50,014.45
Building Fund	402,573.29
Vocational Fund	17,919.70
Total Disbursements	\$1,075,377.41

Total amount on hand at close of fiscal year, July 31, 1922 \$ 350,395.80

SPECIAL FUND

RECEIPTS

Amount on hand August 1st, 1921	\$ 4,095.53
Taxes	202,319.77
Borrowed Money	95,000.00
All Other Sources	47,811.85
Total receipts for year	\$ 349,227.20

DISBURSEMENTS

Salaries of Superintendent, Executive Secretary, Trustees, Clerks and Office Help	\$ 12,283.75
Salaries of Janitors	24,341.08
Salaries of Teachers	50,161.10
General Supplies	13,308.41
Printing	2,427.59
Furniture and Fixtures	133.02
Laboratory Supplies	1,325.84
Manual Training Supplies	7,989.73
Domestic Science Supplies	2,480.01
Light	822.82
Power	5,219.96
Fuel	15,928.21
Water	1,830.33
Insurance	1,993.04
Freight and Drayage	1,368.65
Repairs, Labor and Material	11,688.07
Buildings, Ground and Equipment	6,759.49
Sanitation and Hygiene	1,762.74
Transfers	13,090.70
Loans and Interest	121,364.43
Miscellaneous	1,767.38
Total disbursements for year	\$ 298,046.35
Total amount on hand at close of fiscal year, July 31st, 1922	\$ 51,180.85

TUITION FUND

RECEIPTS

Amount on hand August 1st, 1921	\$ 48,954.20
Taxes	283,959.19
Common School Revenues	50,244.58
Congressional Township Interest	108.45
Dog Fund	5,931.23
Tuition and Transfers	17,944.34
Depository Interest	3,705.89
State Vocational	6,410.65
Total receipts for year	\$ 417,258.53

SUMMARY

	Special & Tuition	Junior High Sch.	Blaine	Bond Acct.	Vocational	Emerson Fund	Total
Depositories							
Del. Co. Nat. Bank ..	35,824.33	142.94	1,346.67	5,000.00		32,521.00	74,834.94
Merchants Nat. Bank ..	39,179.08	15,468.75		1,770.34		22,350.47	78,768.64
Peoples Trust Co.	34,240.80	446.76	4,307.78	5,500.00		40,000.00	84,575.34
Farmers Sav. Bank.	18,614.54			2,131.39		14,024.85	34,770.78
Mer. Tr. & Sav. Co.	33,757.01	219.55		125.00	8,344.54	35,000.00	77,446.10
Totals	\$61,615.76	\$16,278.00	\$5,734.45	\$14,526.73	8,334.54	143,896.32	\$350,395.80

FUNDS

Special Fund	\$ 51,180.85
Tuition Fund	110,434.91
Junior High School	16,278.00
Blaine Building Fund	5,734.45
Bond and Sinking Fund	14,526.73
Vocational Fund	8,344.54
Emerson Building Fund	143,896.32
Total	\$ 350,395.80

All vouchers and bills for all payments are in the possession of the Board, in the office of the school city and subject to public inspection,

August 1st, 1922.

TRUSTEES SCHOOL CITY OF MUNCIE, INDIANA

VINCENT W. JONES, President

EDWARD TUHEY, Secretary

GEORGE L. HAYMOND, Treasurer



COMPARE IT'S CONVENIENCE WITH IT'S COST

That's the only fair way to determine the cost of an article or service.

Of course the telephone should be judged that way.

What would you do without a telephone? You know it would inconvenience you so that you would not do without it.

Supposing there was no telephone company how many of us would have a telephone at our command? How many would invest hundreds of thousands of dollars, yes even millions, so that we might talk with our friends or transact business over a telephone?

None of us would or could go to that expense, not even the biggest business men in the world.

Yet, you have just such a service at your command twenty-four hours in the day at a monthly outlay that would not even begin to erect one telephone pole or would not pay one half day's wages to our workmen.

Consider these facts, compare the convenience of a telephone with its cost, then you'll say it's a good investment on your part.

Too, you must not overlook the conveniences offered by Long Distance—they're many and they're economical.

Indiana Bell Telephone Co.

